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System Risk Balancing Profiles: Software Component

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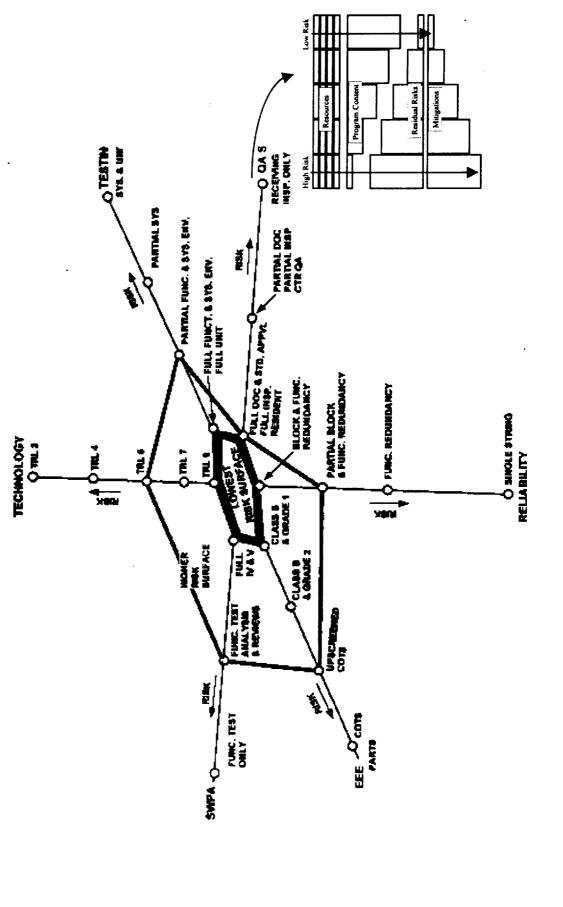
Background*



- NASA's new environment:
- · From Few to Many Projects
- From Large to Small Projects
- From Single Monumental Success to Many Opportunities for Success
- From a Large Budgets to Declining or Flat Budgets
- From Conservative Risk Avoidance to Risk Management based on cost of
- Risk is a resource that can be traded like other resources (mass, power, performance, schedule, & cost)
- affect human life, the traditional risk avoidance approach should still For the reasonably small number of critical subsystems which could

^{*}Based on Greenfield & Gindorf, "Risk as a Resource - A New Paradigm", 1996









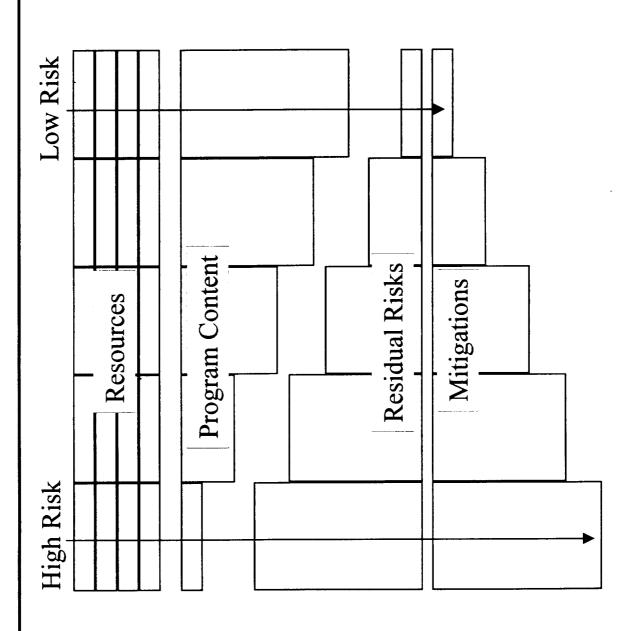


Approach

- Provide a mechanism for identifying performance risk associated with program content
- Identify mitigation possibilities corresponding to residual performance risk
- The full set of charts will address balancing risk involving System, Hardware and Software
- Risk associated with people, organizations, and facilities are not within the scope of this work, but need to be addressed separately

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Overview: "FODORs Charts"







Resources*



- Spacecraft & Science Performance

Cost

- Schedule

Planning Cautions

Cost Risk Factors

- Schedule Risk Factors

Mass

Power

* Note: Resources include some areas which may not be applicable to software (i.e. mass & power)



Software Quality Assurance / V&V Program Content



Component Areas

- Testing
- Analysis
- Quality Assurance
- Related Management
- Other
- Used common "tried and proven" software QA / V&V activities to populate the program content
- Used a history of QA / V&V services that were previously provided for JPL and NASA projects (on project funds)
- "piloted only" techniques were not included in the program Advanced approaches, software QA / V&V research, and content area
- Content ranged from a super minimal approach to a full up QA / V&V program



/ V&V Program Content (continued) Software Quality Assurance

- Included software safety and hazards analysis as required by NASA policy even in the minimal program category
- segment Software Quality and V&V into consistent levels SEI's Capability Maturity Model was originally used to
- Qualitative differences in the individual program content activities were noted
- Acceptance Test (pass/fail)
- Acceptance Test (w/metrics & key critical functions)
- Acceptance Test (w/metrics, good functional coverage, & witnessing)
- Acceptance Test (w/metrics, full functional coverage, & witnessing)

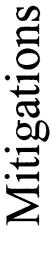


Residual Performance Risks



- "What are the risks, if projects chose not to do individual program content items"?
- We went through the program content list asking ourselves:
- "If this QA /V&V activity is deleted, what can/has go wrong? and
- "If this QA /V&V activity is used correctly, what problems/risks should be avoidable?
- In today's NASA environment, the full up "Low Risk" QA / V&V program can only be justified for a few isolated projects
- Raised excellent questions regarding the content area from a project management viewpoint:
- If I don't choose or have funds to have particular QA / V&V program content areas, what risks are being accepted by the project?
- Are there redundancies in program content items with respect to individual
- Are there risks that have insufficient coverage by standard QA / V&V program content areas?
- Given a limited budget and specific project resource drivers for QA / V&V, is the project buying the best program content?







- Project factors or techniques which reduce/eliminate the risks associated with software
- Given a set of typical program content items, risks can be reduced by:
- Adding program content from another column when considering the aggregate of risks
- Utilizing mitigations from the same column
- Mitigations include
- Advanced techniques (Formal Methods, Model Checking, Simulation,
- Opportunistic factors (reusing high quality software components, etc.)
- Mitigations need to be carefully selected with assistance from someone with expertise in a broad spectrum of software QA / V&V techniques



The Early Mapping of SEI's Capability Maturity Model into the FODOR Chart



SEI Level 2, 3, 4 & 5	KPAs	 Configuration Management 	(K1)	 Software Quality Assurance 	(K2)	 S/W Subcontract 	Management (K3)	 S/W Project Tracking and 	Oversight (K4)	 S/W Project Planning (K5) 	 Requirements Management 	(K6)	• Peer Review (K7)	 Intergroup Coordination (K8) 	 S/W Product Engineering 	(K9)	 Integrated S/W Management 	(K10)	 Training Program (K11) 	 Org. Process Definition 	(K12)	 Org. Process Focus (K13) 	 Quality Management (K14) 	 Process Measurement and 	Analysis (K15)	 Process Change Management
SEI Level 2 & 3	KPAs	 Configuration 	Management (K1)	 Software Quality 	Assurance (K2)	S/W Subcontract	Management (K3)	 S/W Project Tracking 	and Oversight (K4)	 S/W Project Planning 	(K5)	Requirements	Management (K6)	• Peer Review (K7)	 Intergroup Coordination 	(K8)	S/W Product	Engineering (K9)	 Integrated S/W 	Management (K10)	 Training Program (K11) 	 Org. Process Definition 	(K12)	 Org. Process Focus 	(K13)	
Tailored	Approach																									
SEI Level	2 KPAs	 Configuration 	Management (K1)	 Software Quality 	Assurance (K2)	 S/W Subcontract 	Management (K3)	 S/W Project Tracking 	and Oversight (K4)	 S/W Project Planning 	(K5)	 Requirements 	Management (K6)													
SEI Level 1	KPAs														•											

• Technical Innovation (K17) • Defect Prevention (K18)







"A_Balance.doc">





Evolution of the Guide



- Reduced the number of columns from 5 to 3 to show only the extremes
- Introduced identifiers to trace
- Missing or Weak Program Content to Residual Risks
- Mitigations to Residual Risk



Software QA / V&V Guide



<insert the latest guide here, see the attached file "B_Balance.doc">



"Reading" the Guide



- support domains. The center column is for the "results" of the tailoring The guide is a starting place to tailor a project/mission in a number of decisions and could be a basis for the Software QA or V&V Plan.
- content) while the right hand column represents a Low Risk (high The left columns represent a High Risk (low Software QA / V&V Software QA / V&V content) approach.
- related activities, divided into five (5) areas, Testing, Analysis, QA, The top "group" of each column (Program) contains the software (Related) Management, and Other. Each element has a reference designator for tractability purposes.
- The center group (Residual Performance Risks) contains the residual risks that occur because of the activities that are NOT to be done by the program.



"Reading" the Guide (continued)



- After identifying the residual risks, there are choices. The programs
- Use some/all of the mitigation strategies in the lower group (Mitigations) to reduce/mitigate the associated risk,
- Change their minds and do the (upper group) activity to eliminate risks,
- Do both,
- Decide to do nothing and accept the risk.
- is intended to mitigate. Notice that several strategies address the same The numbers after each mitigation strategy trace to the residual risk it have a number of cost-benefit tradeoffs they can make in managing risk, and many strategies address multiple risks, so the projects will
- There are no 100% certain, 0% Risk programs!



What the Guide "is" and what it "is not"



The Guide is:

- Useful for identifying project risk associated with a level of QA /V&V program content
- Identifying mitigation possibilities
- Helpful in planning appropriate resources for QA / V&V program content (and balancing resources across various project risk reduction areas)

The Guide is not:

- a substitute for an experts' participation during the planning process
- prescriptive in nature (it is intended to illustrate how to tailor a QA / V&V
- a process monitoring and corrective action technique (needed by projects beyond the use of this guide)



Summary



- feedback from NASA organizations and others with a vested interest in The Software QA / V&V guide will be reviewed and updated based on
- Hardware, EEE Parts, Reliability, and Systems Safety are a sample of the future guides that will be developed
- (Prevention, Avoidance, Control or Test) are needed to provide a more Cost Estimates, Lessons Learned, Probability of Failure and PACTS complete risk management strategy
- resources and program content for risk reduction for NASA's changing This approach to risk management is designed to help balance the environment

Risk Balance Profile Software Quality and V&V Program Guide "FODORS"

Performance	-	Based on Trade-offs of Risk.	Mitigation, Content	diameter day	
Costs	<	Based on Trade-offs of Risk.	Mitigation, Content		>
Schedule	<	Based on Trade-offs of Risk,	Mitigation, Content	determined by user determined by user	
COST RISK	(Schedule Pressure Resolved	Schodule Pressure	Determine	Schedule Pressure Resolved by	
FACTORS	by \$	Resolved by \$		Schooldie Pressure Resolved by	(TBD)
	(Repeat Testing	(Repeat Testing		⟨ Repeat Testing	
	Changing Requirements	Changing Requirements		Changing Requirements	ł
	S/W Faults Could Impact System Testing	S/W Faults Could Impact System Testing/Schedule	·	(S/W Faults Could Impact	
SCHEDULE		Late Problem	Determine	System Testing	
RISK	(Repair and Repeat Testing	Identification	Desermine	Late Problem Identification Repair and Repeat Testing	(TBD)
FACTORS	Changing Requirements	(Repair and Repeat Testing		Changing Requirements	
	(S/W Faults Could Impact	Changing Requirements		S/W Faults Could Impact	
	System Testing	S/W Faults Could Impact		System Testing	
Mass	Negligible or small	System Testing Negligible or small	 	At P 11	·
Power	Negligible or small	Negligible or small	 	Negligible or small	Negligible or small
Program Title	Very High Risk	Medium/ High Risk	Tailored Approach	Negligible or small	Negligible or small
	Minimal QA/V&V Program	Wiceland High Ripk	I amoreu Appreaca	Medium Risk	Low Risk
					Complete QA/V&V Program
	Program Content	Program Content	Program Content	Program Content	Brown Contact
				Trogram Content	Program Content
	Testing	Testing		Testing	Testing
Software	(T1-Accept Test (pass/fail	(T1-Accept Test (w/	1	(T1-Accept Test (w/ Metrics,	(T1-Accept Test (w/
SULLWALE	w/o metrics) (T2-Functional Test	Metrics & Key Critical		good functional coverage, &	Metrics, full functional
_	(pass/fail)	Functions) (T2-Functional Test (w/		witnessing)	coverage, &
Program		Metrics & Key Critical		(T2-Full Functional Test (w/ Metrics)	witnessing)
-	Analysis	Functions)		T3-Subsystem integration Test	(T2-Full Functional Test (w/ Metrics)
Contents	Al-Hazards Analysis	(T3-Subsystem integration	As Selected (Tailored to	(Metrics)	(T3-Subsystem
Contents	A2-S/W FMEA (if applicable for critical	Test	be Project Specific)	⟨ T4-Unit Test (full SW Dev	integration Test
	functions only)	(T4-Unit Test (basic SW Dev Folders).		Folders)	(Metrics / trend
	1	(T5-Formal Test Plan		(T5-Formal Test Plan	analysis)
	QΔ			Analysis	(T4-Unit Test full SW Dev Folders)
	(None	1		(Al-Hazards Analysis	(T5-Formal Test Plan
	Related Management	Analysis		(A2-S/W FMEA	
	None	A1-Hazards Analysis A2-S/W FMEA (critical		(A3-Safety Analysis (critical	Analysis
		(A2-S/W FMEA (critical functions)		issues)	(Al-Hazards Analysis
	Other			A4-Code Analysis (of critical w/automated support)	A2-S/W FMEA A3-Safety Analysis
	(None	ΩΔ		wantomatou support)	(Full)
R		Q1-Conformance to S/W		QΔ	(A4-Code Analysis
E	Residual Risks	Standards & Guidelines Q2-Requirements Trace		Q1-Conformance to S/W	(Full)
Š	1,	(Q3-Basic Technical Status		Standards & Guidelines (QA check/peer audit)	A5-S/W Fault Tree
3	R1- Lack of confidence in acceptability of S/W to meet	Reviews (TSRs) including		(Q2-Requirements Trace	Analysis
l	system's needs-T1	critical design and select		Q3-Defined Peer Reviews used	QA.
D	(R2 - Unknown functional	code		for TSRs	(Q1-Conformance to
U	and system margins-T2	(Q4-Light V&V role (report to Proj Mgr.)		Q4-Reporting to Center	S/W Standards &
Ā	(R3 - Inconsistent S/W	Q5-Requirements Mgt.		Director) O5-Requirements Mgt. (trace	Guidelines (QA critical item audit)
Ĺ	requirements with respect to the system's functional	(local config. mgt.)		Q5-Requirements Mgt. (trace CM, CCB)	Q2-Requirements Trace
L	requirements (FRD)-Q2			Q6-Operations Software QA &	(complete)
	(R4 - Incorrect design	Related Management		V&V (critical functions updates	< Q3-S/W
	functionality-Q2	(M1-Minimal S/W QA Plan (WPA only)		only)	Inspections(NASA)
P	R5 - No regression testing - T5, M4	(M2-Configuration		Related Management	used for TSRs (w/
Ē	(R6 - S/W builds not	Management (Code &		(M1-Full S/W QA Plan	(Q4-IV&V
_	converging to an acceptable	version control)		M2-Configuration Management	w independent
R	product - T5, M2	(M3-Milestone Reviews (CDR, PDR,)	i	(Code & Version control)	reporting to NASA HQ
F	(R7 - Inputs to S/W could	(02.9 1 2.9)		(M3-Milestone Reviews (CDR, PDR, etc.)	(Q5-Requirements Mgt.
0	violate boundary conditions, trigger non-tested paths, etc.			PDR, etc.) M4-Risk Management program	(trace CM, CCB, tool, volatility tracking)
R	trigger non-tested paths, etc T5, Q2	Other		(basic)	Q6-Operations
M	(R8 - Poor Workmanship in	O1-Support Contractor		M6-Project S/W Metrics	Software QA & V&V
· -	the software product	Mgt. (Assessment of critical areas)		program (System/Acc. P/FRs)	(incremental updates)
A	(spaghetti code, un-	oranom arcas)		O	Palatad Manager
N	maintainable code, etc.) -	Residual Risks		Other	Related Management (M1-Full S/W QA Plan
C	Q1, Q3 R9 - Latent S/W defects			(O1-Support Contractor Mgt. (continuous assessment)	(M2-Configuration
Ē	could cause the system to	(R1- Lack of confidence in		(O2-Mission Operations and	Management (Full
L	fail or not meet it's	acceptability of S/W to	Residual Risks	Command Assurance (MOCA)	coverage w/ mandatory
	requirements- T5, Q2, Q5	meet system's needs-T1			use of a tool)
R	R10 - Late awareness (or lack of anticipation) of	(R7 - Inputs to S/W could		Residual Risks	(M3-Milestone Reviews (CDR, PDR, etc. with
ſ	schedule, performance, cost	violate boundary	1		participation of
s	and quality problems - T5,	conditions, trigger non- tested paths, etc T5, Q2.	İ	(R7 - Inputs to S/W could violate	independent reviewers
	Q5, M2, M3	R8 - Poor Workmanship in	Appropriate Subset of	boundary conditions, trigger	mandatory)
K	R11 - Software safety	the software product	Residual Risk Issue	non-tested paths, etc T5, Q2.	M4-Project Risk
	problem - A2, A3	(spaghetti code, un-	Relating to Selected	(R9 - Latent S/W defects could cause the system to fail or not	Management program
	(R12 - Executing faulty	maintainable code, etc.) –	Program Content	meet it's requirements- T5, Q2,	M5-Integrated Support of Fault Protection
	commands on a spacecraft - Q1, Q2	Q1, Q3		Q5	and/or Failure
	(R13 - Lack of robustness of	R9 - Latent S/W defects could cause the system to		(R11 - Software safety problem -	Detection, Isolation &
	functions supported by S/W	fail or not meet it's		A2, A3	Recovery subsystems
	- Q3, Q5, A4	requirements- T5, Q2, Q5		R12 - Executing faulty	(M6-Full Project
	(R14 - S/W fails in a harmful	R10 - Late awareness (or		commands on a spacecraft - Q1, O2	Software Metrics
	manner - A1, A2	lack of anticipation) of		(R13 - Lack of robustness of	program Other
VIOEODOR					

Risk Balance Profile Software Quality and V&V Program Guide "FODORS"

Program	Minimal QA/V&V Program (Very High Risk)	Tailored Approach	Complete QA/V&V Program (Low Risk)
	Program Content	Program Content	Program Content
Program	Testing		Testing
Content	T1-Accept Test (pass/fail w/o metrics)		T1-Accept Test (w/ Metrics, full functional coverage
	T2-Functional Test (pass/fail)		& witnessing)
	Analysis		T2-Full Functional Test (w/ Metrics)
*	Al-Hazards Analysis	İ	T3-Subsystem integration Test (Metrics / trend
R	A2-S/W FMEA (if applicable for critical functions only)	i	analysis)
E	QA.		T4-Unit Test full SW Dev Folders)
s	None		T5-Formal Test Plan
I	Related Management	As Selected (Tailored to	Analysis
D	None	be Project Specific)	Al-Hazards Analysis
U	Other		A2-S/W FMEA
	None		A3-Safety Analysis (Full)
A	Residual Risks (Missing Content)		A4-Code Analysis (Full)
L			A5-S/W Fault Tree Analysis
b	1- Lack of confidence in acceptability of S/W to meet system's needs-T1+		QA
P	2 - Unknown functional and system margins-T2+		Q1-Conformance to S/W Standards & Guidelines
E	3 - Inconsistent S/W requirements with respect to the system's functional		(QA critical item audit)
R	requirements (FRD)-Q2		, ,
F	4 - Incorrect design functionality-Q2		Q2-Requirements Trace (complete)
0	5 - No regression testing -T5, M4		Q3-S/W Inspections(NASA) used for TSRs (w/
R	6 - S/W builds not converging to an acceptable product - T5, M2		increased coverage).
M	7 - Inputs to S/W could violate boundary conditions, trigger non-tested		Q4-IV&V w/independent reporting to NASA HQ
A	paths, etc - T5,Q2		Q5-Requirements Mgt. (trace CM, CCB, tool,
N	8 - Poor Workmanship in the software product (spaghetti code, un-		volatility tracking)
С	maintainable code, etc.) – Q1, Q3		Q6-Operations Software QA & V&V (incremental
E	9 - Latent S/W defects could cause the system to fail or not meet it's		updates)
	requirements- T5, Q2, Q5		Related Management
R	10 - Late awareness (or lack of anticipation) of schedule, performance, cost		M1-Full S/W QA Plan
I	and quality problems - T5, Q5, M2, M3		M2-Configuration Management (Full coverage w
s	11 - Software safety problem - A2+, A3		mandatory use of a tool)
K	12 - Executing faulty commands on a spacecraft - Q1, O2		M3-Milestone Reviews (CDR, PDR, etc. with
ł	13 - Lack of robustness of functions supported by S/W - Q3, Q5, A4		participation of independent reviewers mandatory)
ļ	14 - S/W fails in a harmful manner - A1+, A2+		M4-Project Risk Management program
	15 - H/W and system failures compounded by inappropriate S/W responses -		M5-Integrated Support of Fault Protection and/or
	Q5, M4		Failure Detection, Isolation & Recovery subsystems
	16 - Missing, wrong or extra software requirements -Q2, Q3, Q5, M2		M6-Full Project Software Metrics program
	17 - Working with out of date requirements - Q2, Q3, Q5, M2	Residual Risks	Other
l	18 - Failure to identify critical QA and V&V processes for S/W - T1+, T2+,		O1-Support Contractor Mgt. (continuous assessment
	A2+		w/ RFP & SEB support from QA and IV&V roles)
	19 - Failure to identify critical contractor monitor points - M2, M3, O1		O2-Mission Operations and Command Assurance
	20 - Can't identify changes impacts (cost, schedule, functionality, etc.) - M2		(MOCA)
- 1	21 - Project progressing to the next phase of development before it is ready -		Residual Rinks (Missing Content)
- 1	M1, M3		
	22 - Non-standard documentation and source code - M1, M2	Appropriate Subset of	28 - Encountering a S/W error that wasn't tested (i.e.,
-	23 - Unable to effectively add personnel to an "in progress" project - T5,		can't test everything in a complex software product) -
	M1	Residual Risk Issue	M1+, M4+
	24 - Unable to make enhancements and changes to the S/W - Q1, Q2, M2	Relating to Selected	29 - Uploading faulty software to a spacecraft after
	25 - Un-reusable S/W products - Q2	Program Content	launch - T5+, M2+, O2+
	26 - Choosing the wrong/high risk contractor to develop software - M4, O1		
ŀ	27 - Receiving wrong RFP responses with respect to S/W - M1, M2		
	1		
- 1	28 - Encountering a S/W error that wasn't tested - M1, M4		

	Mitigations (Risk Reduction)	Mitigations	Mitigations (Risk Reduction)
	1 - Use of an Automatic Code Generator(8,22,24)		2 - Reusing high quality proven software products
1	2 - Reusing high quality proven software products (req., design, code, and/or		(req., design, code, and/or test cases) (*)
•	test cases)(1,7,8,9,13,22,25)		6 - Lessons learned (*)
•	3 - Using Rapid Prototyping aspects of the software system(1,3,6,16)		7 - Apply PACTS to critical functions (29)
	4 - Simulation of software subsystem(1,3,10,12,16,24,29)		12 - Cross training (29)
;	5 - Embedding Assertions in the code (1,3,14,16,17)		14 - Incentivize contractor (*)
	6 - Lessons learned(1,5,10,18,19,20,21,22,26)		15 - Establish reuse requirements (28)
•	7 - Apply PACTS to critical functions(1,3,6,9,10,29)		21 - Augmenting traditional V&V with Formal
	8 - Identify critical functions(1,3,10,13,16,17,21,27,28)	•	Methods techniques (formal specification, model
•	9 - Establish volatility metrics(1,5,9,21,24,28)		checking, animating specifications, and/or proofs)
ľ	10 - Use Complexity metrics(1,4,7,8,28)		(28, *)
	11 - Early training(8,9,16,22,23,24,29)		(, /
,	12 - Cross training(8,9,16,22,23,24,29)		
	13 - Do regression testing(1,3,5,9,14,24,28)		
	14 - Incentivize contractor(5,8,9,10,21,24,26)		
	15 - Establish reuse requirements(1,6,8,9,13,20,22,24,,25,28)		
	16 - Use TSRs (incl auto code gen)(1,4,8,10,16,17,20,21,22,25,28)		
	17 - Insight review of contractor SEI level(8,10,19,21,22,26)		
	18 - Use EVA metrics(10,20,26)		
	19 - Standard documentation formats, reports(6,8,10,16,20,21,22,23,24,25)		
	20 - Validation of auto code generator(5,6,7,8,9)		
	21 - Augmenting V&V with Formal Methods techniques (1,3,14,16,17, 28)		
			Note: * indicates a general risk reduction

Note: + indicates that adding stronger content techniques of type could reduce this risk